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Lyrics Sheet

Gimme Prepositional Phrase

In the fourth grade classroom Over by the bay Underneath the school bus Toward the busy highway	By the old McDonald's At the grocery store For the hundredth time now On our neighbor's door
They start with words like in, by, at, for, from, with, on, of, to. They always end with a noun like dog or tree or food.	You can use them in the front now. You can use them in the back. You can use them in the middle or when you write a paragraph.

Oh! Can't use them up I say, now.
Oh! They're not going away, now.
Oh! They help you to explain, now.
Oh! They'll make your sentence great, now.

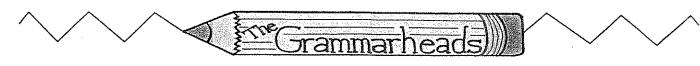
Go and make your teacher's day.
Go and get a good grade.
All you have to do is use a prepositional phrase.

Gimme prepositional phrase!

A prepositional phrase can act just like an adjective. It answers one or both questions; what kind of or which one it is.

It can act like an adverb, too, and answer some questions for me. And when it does it will tell when or where, how, why, to what degree.





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<u>Prepositions - Gimme Prepositional Phrase</u> Worksheet #1

Fill in the blanks with the words from the song Gimme Prepositional Phrase.

A prepositional phrase can act just like an	Grammarheads	Reminder:
It answers one or both questions; what kind of or one it is.	A preposition usually l sentence to a noun	•
It can act like an adverb, too, and answer some for me. And when it does it will tell when or where, how, why, to what degree.	prepositions nguage!	
Complete each sentence with a preposition more than one correct answer. Just make		
1. Would you like to go	the movies?	in
2. School begins every day	9:00 sharp.	by
3. Mommy poured milk	_ my favorite cup.	at
4. Are you going to eat dinner	my family?	for
5. My house is located	_ the grocery store.	from
6. She told you to clean your room	the	with
hundredth time!		on
7. A big, red, baseball hat sat		of
8, Amy was the best singer	all the kids.	to
9. Did you borrow that book	a friend?	



Prepositions - Gimme Prepositional Phrase Worksheet #1 Continued

Read each sentence below. Underline the whole prepositional phrase and circle the preposition in it. Hint: prepositional phrases are groups of words that usually answer when, where, or how, just like an adverb!

1.	Dark	smoke	floated	up	the	chimney	у.
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- 2. I hear strange sounds coming from the basement.
- 3. His pencil fell off the table.
- 4. Mom and Dad read me a story about a dog.
- 5. The kids played kickball on the playground.
- 6. The dog chased the squirrel around the tree.
- 7. Airplanes often fly high in the sky.

<u>Use this space to draw</u> <u>a cat "in a tree".</u>

<u>Finish each prepositional phrase by writing a noun on the line. Then circle the preposition that begins the prepositional phrase. Remember, your sentence should make sense!</u>

1.	Do alligators always live in warm?
2,	I don't know, but they always live close to the
3.	Alligators have long snouts and upward facing nostrils at the
4.	You can tell the difference between an alligator and a crocodile by looking inside its mouth at its
5.	Male alligators like to roam around many miles, but females like to stay in smaller
	An alligator can go through 2,000 and 3,000 teeth in its If an alligator ever chased after me, I would climb up a





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<u>Prepositions - Gimme Prepositional Phrase</u> Worksheet #2

Fill in the blanks with the words from the song Gimme Prepositional Phrase.

A prepositional phrase can act just like an	Grammarheads Reminder:
It one or both questions; what kind of or one it is.	A prepositional phrase begins with a preposition and ends with a noun!
It can act like an, too, and answer some for me. And when it does it will tell when or, how, why, to what degree.	 by the old McDonald's at the grocery store for the hundredth time on our neighbor's door

Complete each sentence with an preposition from the right. Some sentences have more than one correct answer. Just make sure your sentence makes sense.

1.	Workers began building the Old London Bridge	<u>Prepositions</u>
	the year 1176.	underneath
2.	It took them a lenghthy 33 years finish the bridge!	
3.	For almost 600 years, the Old London Bridge was the only	of
	bridge that stretched the Thames River.	across
4.	The bridge stood on rock islands piled in the middle the Thames River.	to
_		in
Э.	There were huge, metal gates each end of the bridge and a small, stone church right in the middle.	\$ DE
	_	over
6.	Not only could people drive and walk the bridge,	at
	but ships could sail the bridge.	u i



<u>Prepositions - Gimme Prepositional Phrase</u> Worksheet #2 Continued

<u>Underline the whole prepositional phrase and circle the preposition in it. Hint: prepositional phrases are groups usually answering when, where, or how.</u>

1. When the Old London Bridge was complete, people built houses along its road.

Use this space to draw water "under" a bridge.

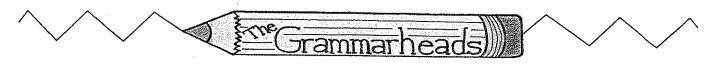
- 2. Three years later, a fire burned right through the houses.
- 3. Many people were caught in the flames.
- 4. Unfortunately, many people jumped into the river and drowned.
- 5. That sad story had a happy ending because people rebuilt shops and houses on the Old London Bridge.

Finish each prepositional phrase by writing a preposition on the line. Then circle noun that ends the prepositional phrase. Your sentence should make sense!

1.	Since so many shop	s and houses	filled the	e bridge,	there w	as only	enough	roon
		a twelve-f	oot wide	roadway				

- 2. Due to all those shops and houses, the bridge was always crowded _____ traffic.
- 3. _____ the years, many fires burned down the buildings on the Old London Bridge.
- 4. Sometimes sections of the bridge fell _____ the water and had to be fixed.
- 5. So the next time you sing, "London Bridge is falling down," think about how many people used it to go ______ the river.





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<u>Prepositions - Gimme Prepositional Phrase</u> Worksheet #3

Fill in the blanks with the words from the song Gimme Prepositional Phrase.

A prepositional phrase	Grammarheads Reminder:		
can act just like an	U: aiiiiia: Irali3		
It one or both questions;	A prepositional phrase	begins with a	
what of or which one it is.	preposition and ends		
It can act like an, too,	im at the state of		
and answer some for me.	- in the fourth grade		
And when it does it will tell when	- by the b	ay	
or where, how,,	- underneath the	schoolbus	
to what degree.	- toward the busy	/ highway	
Complete each sentence with an preposition have more than one correct answer. Just	n from the right. Some make sure your sentenc	e sentences e makes sense	
1. Chicken is the favorite meal	many Americans.	<u>Prepositions</u>	
2. Thousands of years ago, chickens were the jungles of southeast	_	during	
3. English colonists began bringing chicker	ns to the American	above	
colonies the 1600's.		of	
4. Now people raise and eat chickens all _		for	
5. A full-grown male chicken is called a ro		,	
sounds the alarm when the sun rises	the horizon.	throughout	
6. The hen, or, female chicken, hatches he	er baby chicks by	around	
sitting on them21 days.		in	
7. One hen can lay as many as 240 eggs _	a year!	# £ £	
		<u></u>	



<u>Prepositions - Gimme Prepositional Phrase</u> Worksheet #3 Continued

Underline the whole prepositional phrase and circle the preposition in it. Think to yourself: Does it tell you what kind, when, where, how much, or which one? Hint: some sentences have more than one prepositional phrase.

- 1. An average farm family may keep between ten and twenty chickens in the barnyard.
- 2. That flock of chickens will produce enough eggs to feed an entire family of five people!
- 3. However, eggs are not the only food these wonderful fowl can offer to us humans.
- 4. Every year, most Americans eat around forty pounds of chicken meat aside from the eggs!
- 5. Because they hardly ever fly, chickens are very different from other birds.
- 6. You'll know it's a chicken when you look beneath its neck and see a wattle hanging under its chin.

Wri	te your own sentences below. Use a prepositional phrase in each one and	<u>then</u>
circ	le) the preposition. Show your teacher some rockin' sentences!	
1		
		i
2.		
		rodoskih dobriski sa 17 awa.
3.		

